## Glossary

## Constant perimeter, or like-for-like comparison

- The restatement of the scope of consolidation of the incoming entities is as follows:
  - For current year entries into the consolidation scope, subtract the contribution from the acquisition of current year aggregates;
  - For acquisitions in the previous year, deduct in the current year the contribution of the acquisition of the aggregates of the months preceding the month of acquisition.
- The restatement of the scope of consolidation of entities leaving the Group is as follows:
  - For current year deconsolidations, the contribution of the deconsolidated entity is deducted from the previous year from the month of deconsolidation.
  - In the case of deconsolidation in the previous year, the contribution of the deconsolidated entity for the entire previous year is deducted.

The <u>change at constant exchange rates</u> reflects a change after translation of the current period's foreign currency figure at the exchange rates of the comparative period.

The <u>change on a constant accounting basis</u> reflects a change in the figure excluding the impact of changes in accounting standards during the period.

<u>Current operating income</u> refers to operating income before other non-recurring income and expenses consisting of restructuring costs (charges and provisions), gains or losses on disposals or significant and unusual impairments of non-current assets, whether tangible or intangible; and other operating income and expenses such as a provision relating to a major dispute.

<u>EBITDA</u> corresponds to current operating income before depreciation (expenses and provisions in the income statement are grouped according to their nature).

Net financial debt is gross financial debt less financial assets.

- The gross financial debts are made up of:
  - o loans from credit institutions, including interest incurred;
  - loans under finance leases, including accrued interest;
  - lease liabilities arising from the application of IFRS 16;
  - o fair value hedging instruments recorded in the balance sheet, net of tax;
  - o current financial liabilities relating to financial current accounts with minority investors;
  - bank overdrafts.
- Financial assets consist of:
  - the fair value of fair value hedging instruments recognized in the balance sheet, net of tax;
  - o current financial receivables relating to financial current accounts with minority investors;
  - Cash and cash equivalents, including treasury shares held by the Group (considered as marketable securities);
  - o financial assets directly related to the loans contracted and recorded in gross financial debt.